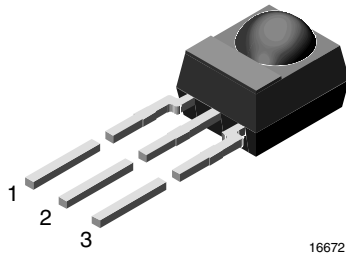


IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems



16672

MECHANICAL DATA

Pinning

1 = OUT, 2 = V_S , 3 = GND

FEATURES

- Low supply current
- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- Improved shielding against EMI
- Supply voltage: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Improved immunity against ambient light
- Insensitive to supply voltage ripple and noise
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



RoHS
COMPLIANT

DESCRIPTION

The TSOP22.. series are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. A PIN diode and a preamplifier are assembled on a lead frame, the epoxy package acts as an IR filter.

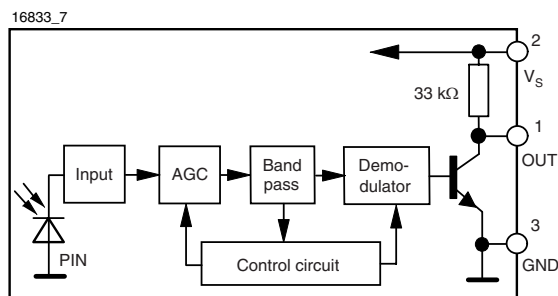
The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor. The TSOP22.. is the standard IR remote control receiver series, supporting all major data formats.

This component has not been qualified according to automotive specifications.

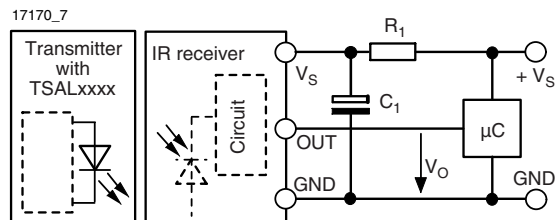
PARTS TABLE

| CARRIER FREQUENCY | STANDARD APPLICATIONS (AGC2/AGC8) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 kHz | TSOP2230 |
| 33 kHz | TSOP2233 |
| 36 kHz | TSOP2236 |
| 36.7 kHz | TSOP2237 |
| 38 kHz | TSOP2238 |
| 40 kHz | TSOP2240 |
| 56 kHz | TSOP2256 |

BLOCK DIAGRAM



APPLICATION CIRCUIT



The external components R_1 and C_1 are optional to improve the robustness against electrical overstress (typical values are $R_1 = 100 \Omega$, $C_1 = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$). The output voltage V_O should not be pulled down to a level below 1 V by the external circuit. The capacitive load at the output should be less than 2 nF.



| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1) | | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| Supply voltage (pin 2) | | V_S | - 0.3 to + 6.0 | V |
| Supply current (pin 2) | | I_S | 5 | mA |
| Output voltage (pin 1) | | V_O | - 0.3 to 5.5 | V |
| Voltage at output to supply | | $V_S - V_O$ | - 0.3 to ($V_S + 0.3$) | V |
| Output current (pin 1) | | I_O | 5 | mA |
| Junction temperature | | T_j | 100 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | | T_{stg} | - 25 to + 85 | °C |
| Operating temperature range | | T_{amb} | - 25 to + 85 | °C |
| Power consumption | $T_{amb} \leq 85$ °C | P_{tot} | 10 | mW |
| Soldering temperature | $t \leq 10$ s, 1 mm from case | T_{sd} | 260 | °C |

Note

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

| ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (1) | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------------|------|----------|------|-------------------|
| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| Supply current (pin 2) | $E_v = 0, V_S = 5$ V | I_{SD} | 0.65 | 0.85 | 1.05 | mA |
| | $E_v = 40$ klx, sunlight | I_{SH} | | 0.95 | | mA |
| Supply voltage | | V_S | 2.7 | | 5.5 | V |
| Transmission distance | $E_v = 0$, test signal see fig. 1, IR diode TSAL6200, $I_F = 400$ mA | d | | 45 | | m |
| Output voltage low (pin 1) | $I_{OSL} = 0.5$ mA, $E_e = 0.7$ mW/m ² , test signal see fig. 1 | V_{OSL} | | | 100 | mV |
| Minimum irradiance | Pulse width tolerance: $t_{pi} - 5/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_0$, test signal see fig. 1 | E_e min. | | 0.17 | 0.35 | mW/m ² |
| Maximum irradiance | $t_{pi} - 5/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 6/f_0$, test signal see fig. 1 | E_e max. | 30 | | | W/m ² |
| Directivity | Angle of half transmission distance | $\phi_{1/2}$ | | ± 45 | | deg |

Note

(1) $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

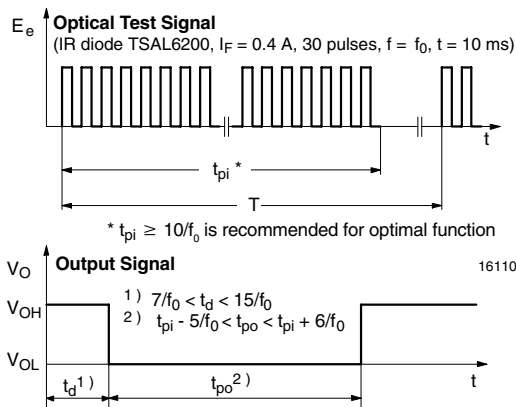


Fig. 1 - Output Active Low

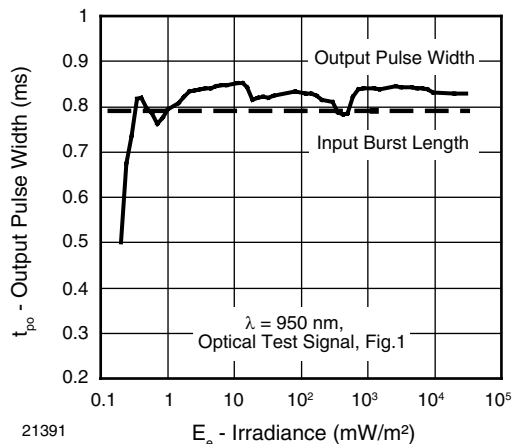


Fig. 2 - Pulse Length and Sensitivity in Dark Ambient

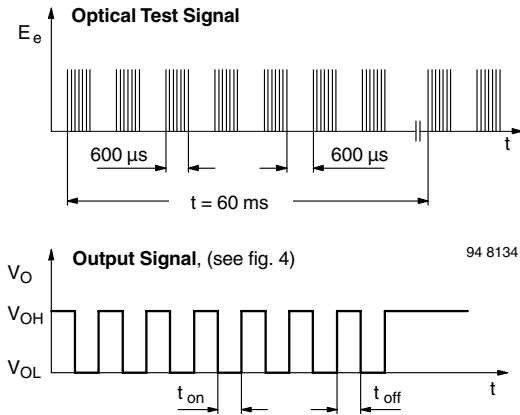


Fig. 3 - Output Function

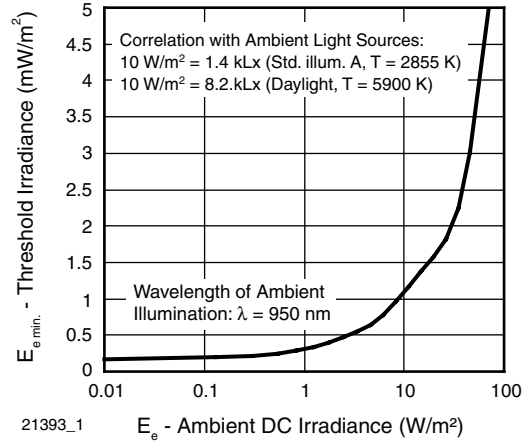


Fig. 6 - Sensitivity in Bright Ambient

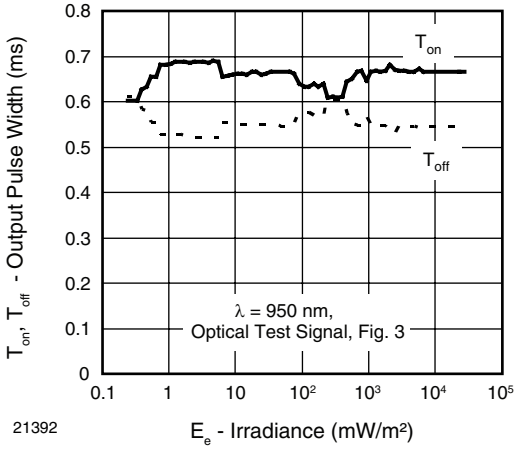


Fig. 4 - Output Pulse Diagram

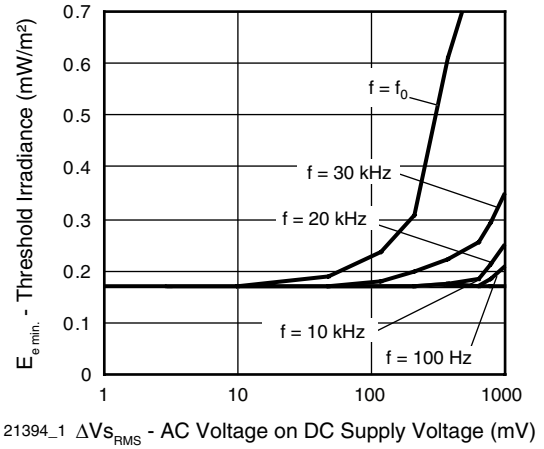


Fig. 7 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances

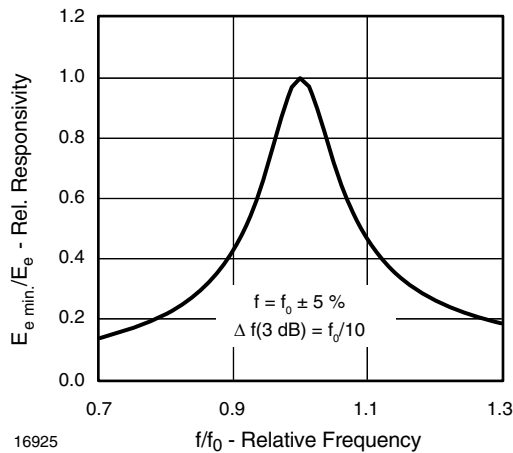


Fig. 5 - Frequency Dependence of Responsivity

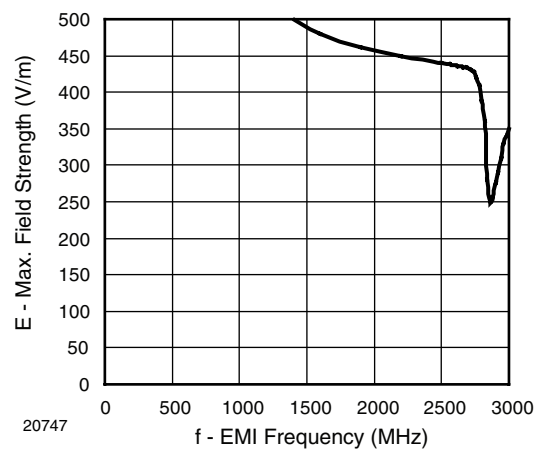


Fig. 8 - Sensitivity vs. Electric Field Disturbances

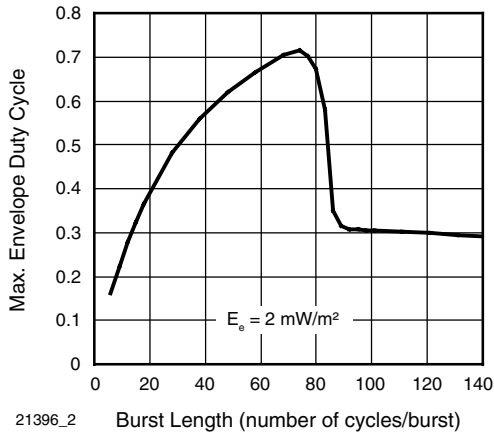


Fig. 9 - Max. Envelope Duty Cycle vs. Burst Length

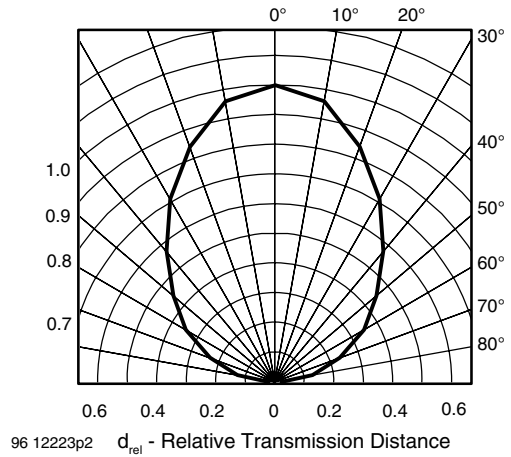


Fig. 12 - Horizontal Directivity

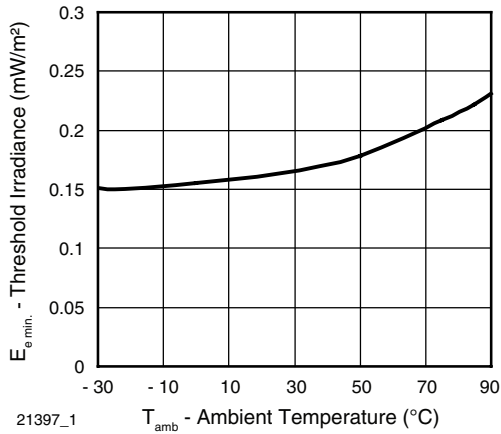


Fig. 10 - Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature

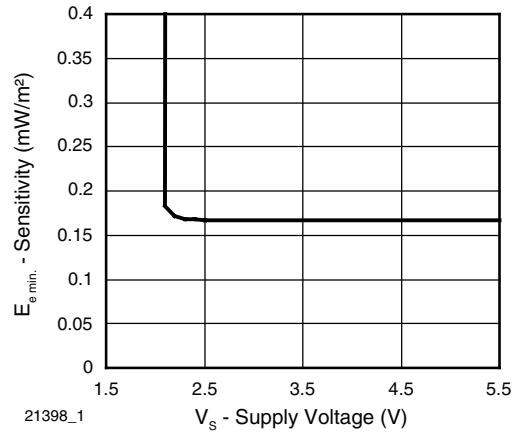


Fig. 13 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage

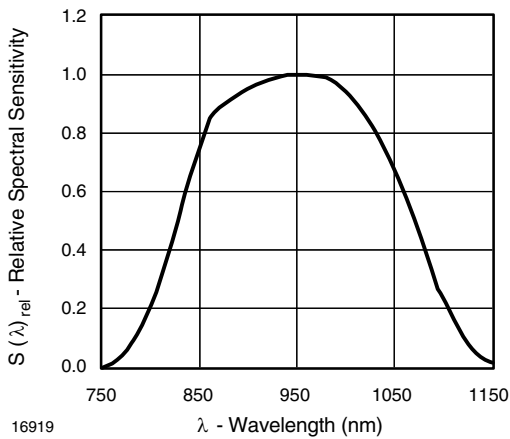


Fig. 11 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

SUITABLE DATA FORMAT

The TSOP22.. series is designed to suppress spurious output pulses due to noise or disturbance signals. Data and disturbance signals can be distinguished by the devices according to carrier frequency, burst length and envelope duty cycle. The data signal should be close to the band-pass center frequency (e.g. 38 kHz) and fulfill the conditions in the table below.

When a data signal is applied to the TSOP22.. in the presence of a disturbance signal, the sensitivity of the receiver is reduced to insure that no spurious pulses are present at the output. Some examples of disturbance signals which are suppressed are:

- DC light (e.g. from tungsten bulb or sunlight)
- Continuous signals at any frequency
- Strongly or weakly modulated noise from fluorescent lamps with electronic ballasts (see figure 14 or figure 15)

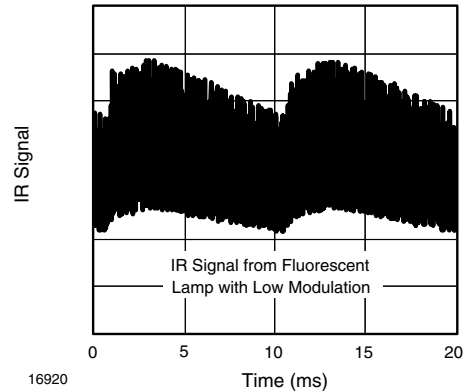


Fig. 14 - IR Signal from Fluorescent Lamp with Low Modulation

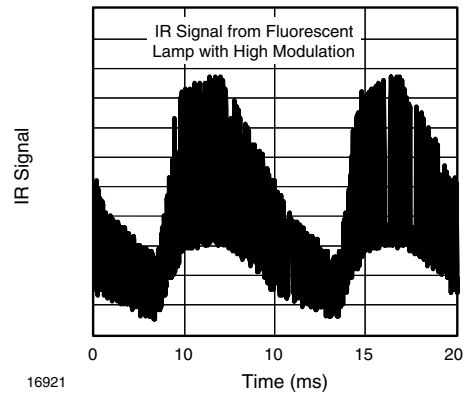


Fig. 15 - IR Signal from Fluorescent Lamp with High Modulation

| | TSOP22.. |
|--|--|
| Minimum burst length | 10 cycles/burst |
| After each burst of length a minimum gap time is required of | 10 to 70 cycles ≥ 12 cycles |
| For bursts greater than a minimum gap time in the data stream is needed of | 70 cycles > 4 x burst length |
| Maximum number of continuous short bursts/second | 800 |
| Recommended for NEC code | yes |
| Recommended for RC5/RC6 code | yes |
| Recommended for Sony code | yes |
| Recommended for Thomson 56 kHz code | yes |
| Recommended for Mitsubishi code (38 kHz, preburst 8 ms, 16 bit) | yes |
| Recommended for Sharp code | yes |
| Suppression of interference from fluorescent lamps | Most common disturbance signals are suppressed |

Note

For data formats with short bursts please see the datasheet of TSOP21..

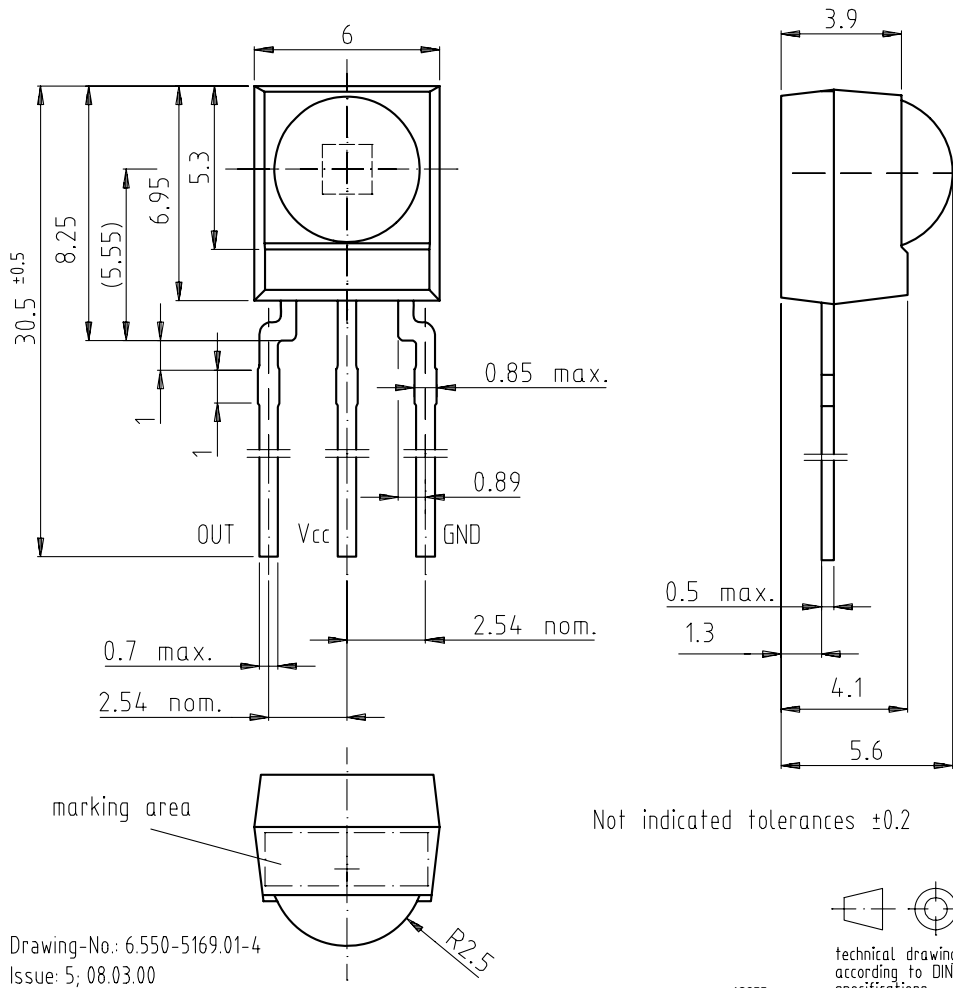
New TSOP22..

Vishay Semiconductors

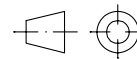
IR Receiver Modules for
Remote Control Systems



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Not indicated tolerances ±0.2



technical drawings
according to DIN
specifications

13655

Drawing-No.: 6.550-5169.01-4
Issue: 5; 08.03.00



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